**King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals**

Information and Computer Science Department  
**SWE 316: Software Design and Construction (Term 231)**

Homework # 2

Date of submission

12/10/2023

Ayed al qahtani

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| **Task** | **Grade** | **Your Grade** | **Comments** |
| Task # 1: Class Diagram | 10 |  |  |
| Task # 2: implementation | 50 |  |  |
| Task # 3: Class Diagram (Strategy Pattern) | 10 |  |  |
| Check list and penalties  No Cover page with grade table -10 🞎  File name (report) -5 🞎  Not in PDF format -10 🞎 | | | |
| Total | 70 |  |  |

# Task # 1: Composition Design Pattern

File/Folder combination is a typical example of the composite design pattern. A file has a name, size, extension. A folder has similar attribute (without an extension) plus a list of files or other folders. You are required to write a demonstration application that traverses files and folders in a selected directory.

## Class diagram

Design a class diagram showing the above-mentioned structure using the composite design pattern. You have to show all components including the Application class.

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Note: the main form represents the main application class

## Application

Implement a .Net desktop application (C# or VB) by which you can choose a certain folder when the program starts. Once you select a folder, you should recursively traverse all of its contents (files and folders) and **fill the required information as follows**:

* Folder: only name
* File: name, size, extension

After traversing, your application should traverse the created structure (your structure) again and calculate the size **of all folders by single line call (x.CalculateSize())** where x represent the top most folder.

After calculating the sizes of all folders and subfolders, you should **visualize** the folder and its contents as shown in the sample below. You should show the file or folder size besides its name. This should be accomplished using a single line **(x.visualize() )** where x represent the top most folder. You should support visualizing the folder either vertically or horizontally as shown in the samples below.

A screenshot of a computer

Description automatically generated

## Requirements

Develop your program to fulfill the following requirements:

1. When executed, it should display a button and give the user the freedom of choosing the folder to visualize.

* For your testing purposes, you can hardcode the folder while you are testing.

1. Once the user selects a folder, you should display the visualization on a panel inside your main form.

* The visualization should be done by code (You can’t use any ready components such as Treeview)
* The panel should be able to respond to the changes in the size of the form (i.e, bigger or smaller)

1. If the visualization is getting bigger than the panel, you should display scrollbars.
2. You should allow the user to change visualization from vertical to horizontal and vice versa.
3. Zooming: you should allow the user to zoom in and out using:

* Mouse wheel (when pressing Control button)

A close-up of a keyboard

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* Pressing

A close-up of a computer keyboard

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# Task # 2: Implementation

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| Loading date method |
| **public** Folder TraverseDirectory**(**string currentTopPath**)**  **{**  Here it will go through all the files in the current folder only.  DirectoryInfo directoryInfo **=** **new** DirectoryInfo**(**currentTopPath**);**  Folder currentTopFolder **=** **new** Folder**(**directoryInfo**.**Name**);**  // normal case  string**[]** files **=** Directory**.**GetFiles**(**currentTopPath**);**  **foreach** **(**string file **in** files**)**  **{**  FileInfo fileInfo **=** **new** FileInfo**(**file**);**  DocumentComponent theFile **=** **new** File**(**fileInfo**.**Name**,** fileInfo**.**Length**,** fileInfo**.**Extension**);**  currentTopFolder**.add(**theFile**);**  **}**  // recursive case  string**[]** subdirectories **=** Directory**.**GetDirectories**(**currentTopPath**);**  **foreach** **(**string subdirectory **in** subdirectories**)**  **{**  DocumentComponent nextTopFolder **=** TraverseDirectory**(**subdirectory**);**  currentTopFolder**.add(**nextTopFolder**);**  **}**  **return** currentTopFolder**;**  Here it will go the next folder and load its content and go the main call to be stored.  **}** |

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| File/Folder |
| **public** class Folder **:** DocumentComponent  **{**  **private** List**<**DocumentComponent**>** documentComponents**;**  **public** Folder**(**string name**)** **:** **base(**name**)** **{**  documentComponents **=** **new** List**<**DocumentComponent**>();**  **}**  **public** **override** void **add(**DocumentComponent documentComponent**)**  **{**  documentComponents**.**Add**(**documentComponent**);**  **}**  **public** **override** double calculateSize**()**  **{**  double size **=** 0**;**  **foreach(**DocumentComponent documentComponent **in** documentComponents**)**  **{**  size **+=** documentComponent**.**calculateSize**();**  **}**  **return** size**;**  **}**  **public** **override** string getExtension**()**  Here we are dealing with folder and file with the same interface. We are calling the same method with a recursive call to calculate the size.  ClaclauteSize()  **{**  **throw** **new** Exception**();**  **}**  **public** List**<**DocumentComponent**>** getDocuments**()**  **{**  **return** documentComponents**;**  **}**  **public** **override** string ToString**()**  **{**  **return** getName**();**  In folder we do not have extension, so we just want the name.  **}**  **}**    **public** class File **:** DocumentComponent  **{**  **private** double size**;**  **private** string extension**;**  **public** File**(**string name**,** double size**,** string extension**)** **:** **base(**name**)** **{**    **this.**size **=** size**;**  **this.**extension **=** extension**;**  **}**    **public** **override** void **add(**DocumentComponent documentComponent**)**  **{**  **throw** **new** Exception**();**  It is considered as the base case for method.  **}**  **public** **override** double calculateSize**()**  **{**  **return** size**;**  **}**  **public** **override** string getExtension**()**  **{**  **return** extension**;**  **}**  In file, we want the name and the extension.  **public** **override** string ToString**()**  **{**  **return** getName**()+**"."**+**extension**;**  **}**  **}** |

## Result

A sample of vertical view

A screenshot of a computer

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A sample of horizontal view

A screenshot of a computer

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Note: there are 3 ways to zoom by Ctrl + mouse, buttons on the interface, and (+, -) keys on the keyboard

# Task # 3

## Strategy design pattern

Drawing the folders in two different ways represents a good case for the Strategy Design Pattern. Draw a class.

## Result

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